

Industry Panel: Best Practices for SE Workforce Development

Thursday, October 31, 2013

Track 3: Education

Brian Gallagher, Senior VP of Operational Excellence, CACI Inc.

Craig Miller, VP of Systems Engineering, Harris Government Communications Systems

George Rebovich, director of Systems Engineering Practice Office & technical lead for the
Systems Engineering Guide, MITRE

COL Don Robbins, USAF, Deputy for SE Plans and Policy, ODASD(SE)

Dr. Stan Rifkin, Master Systems Inc., facilitator

Conducted at the 2013 National Defense Industrial Association Systems Engineering
Conference, Crystal City, Virginia

Ver. 0.1

Dedicated to the hard work of ...

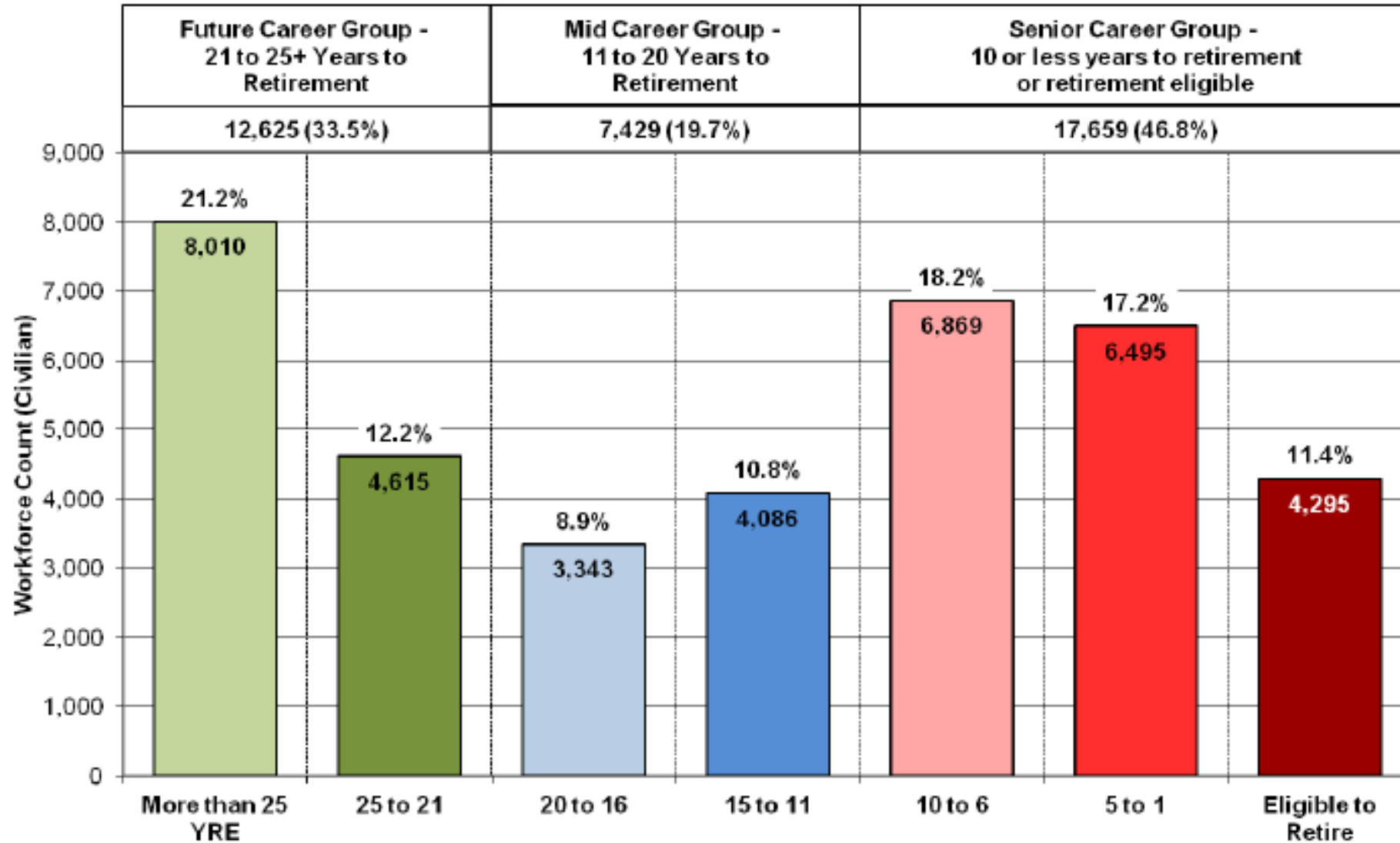
Mr. Nic Torelli, recently retired
Director of Mission Assurance,
Office of the Assistant Secretary of
Defense (SE).



Also: Thank you to Geoff Draper, Harris Government
Communications Systems, for suggesting the panel and
submitting the proposal for approval.

Defense Acquisition Workforce Lifecycle Model (WLM)

by Years to Retirement Eligibility (YRE) - Civilian (FY11) - SPRDE (SE/PSE)



OUSD(AT&L)/HCIDefense Acquisition WorkforceSPRDE (SE/PSE)Summary Data FY 2011, Ver. 2, p. 6. Available at <https://dap.dau.mil/workforce/Documents/FY11-Functional-Career-Fields/FY11-SPRDE%28SE-PSE%29-DataAddendums-v2.pdf>

What's the secret to success in managing high technology?

High differentiation and high integration:

Differentiation = deep expertise.

Integration = getting the experts aligned to proceed in the service of a common goal (herding cats?).

Ever seen “Integrator” on a business card?

We do see Product Manager or Systems Engineer!



(1967)

Criteria for Successful MITRE Systems Engineers

- • Define the sponsor's and customer's problem or opportunity from a comprehensive, integrated perspective.
- • Apply systems thinking to create strategies, anticipate problems, and provide short- and long-term solutions.
- • Adapt to change and uncertainty in the project and program environment, and assist the sponsor, customer, and other stakeholders in adapting to these.
- • Propose a comprehensive, integrated solution or approach that:
 - o Contributes to achieving the sponsor's, customer's and other stakeholders' strategic mission objectives in a changing environment,
 - o Can be feasibly implemented within the sponsor's and customer's political, organizational, operational, economic and technical context,
 - o Addresses interoperability and integration challenges across organizations, and
 - o Shapes enterprise evolution through innovation.
- • Cultivate partnerships with our sponsors and customers to work in the public interest.
- • Bring their own and others' expertise to provide sound, objective evidence and advice that influences the decisions of our sponsors, customers, and other stakeholders.

MITRE Enterprise Perspectives

1.1 Comprehensive Viewpoints. Systems engineers demonstrate a broad understanding of the systems context and environment, model systems of varying complexities, and discover new approaches and ideas to model complex systems. They perform portfolio gap analyses and scenario developments, learn to view uncertainty as an opportunity for achieving better enterprise capability, and create long-term strategies that achieve business/mission objectives. They consider the future needs of the sponsor/customer by considering all aspects of their problems, including the political, organizational, economic, operational and technical aspects.

1.2 Innovative Approaches. Systems engineers innovatively identify partial solutions to ambiguous problems, propose and generate creative ideas and solutions, and frame the essence of the sponsor/customer's problem. They develop solutions that take a global view, while addressing competing local interests, synthesize information into solutions that make appropriate trade-offs by aligning the interests of the larger stakeholder community, and recommend scalable and adaptable solutions for complex systems to the sponsor/customer.

1.3 Foster Stakeholder Relationships. Systems engineers network to build alliances and consensus among stakeholders and leverage the best engineering resources for the sponsor/customer inside and outside MITRE. They develop and express independent, objective, and unbiased positions, and can communicate information objectively, directly, and tactfully to key decision-makers, including information on sensitive or politically-charged issues. They explain complex ideas, problems and solutions in understandable terms, question assumptions, and give frank advice even when it may require difficult conversations with our stakeholders .

General agreement on the traits, but ...

Are the traits innate or learned?

Politically correct answer: Some of both.

Why does that matter?

Prefer investing in training or investing in selection?

This is the Education Track, so ...

If we bet wrong, then:

We have wasted scarce resources, esp. time.

We have not created (more) effective SEs.



How do effective SEs obtain alignment?

- (Line) Authority?
- Influence?
 - Know the questions to ask, speak the language.
 - Must have technical background.

Experience. What does it bring?

What is the difference between a novice and an expert?

- How to accomplish specific tasks (prepare for, review, and conduct a PDR).
- How to think about a situation, how to see the essence quickly.

Source/Credit: Nicole Hutchison, Systems Engineering Research Center



Col. John P. Stapp on the rocket sled "Sonic Wind I" during a 421 mph-run in March 1954